

The Gazette of India



EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 1

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MINISTRY OF LAW

New Delhi, the 31st May, 1954.

The following Acts of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 28th May, 1954 and are hereby published for general information:—

THE SHILLONG (RIFLE RANGE AND UMLONG) CANTONMENTS ASSIMILATION OF LAWS ACT, 1954

No. 31 OF 1954

[28th May, 1954]

An Act to assimilate certain laws in force in the scheduled areas to the laws in force in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Shillong (Rifle Range and Umlong) Cantonments Assimilation of Laws Act, 1954.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. Definitions.—In this Act,—

(a) “appointed day” means the date appointed under subsection (2) of section 1 for the coming into force of this Act;

(b) “law” means so much of any Act, Ordinance, Regulation, rule, order or bye-law as relates to any of the matters enumerated in Lists I and III in the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution;

(c) “scheduled areas” means the areas specified in the Schedule.

3. Assimilation of laws.—(1) All laws which immediately before the appointed day extend to, or are in force in, the scheduled areas shall on that day cease to be in force in the scheduled areas except as respects things done or omitted to be done before that day, and for the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that section 6 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897) shall apply in relation to such cesser as it applies in relation to the repeal of an enactment by a Central Act.

(2) All laws which immediately before the appointed day extend to, or are in force in, the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District shall as from that day extend to and be in force in the scheduled areas.

4. Removal of difficulties.—If any difficulty arises in relation to the transition under section 3 from one law or group of laws to another law or group of laws, the Central Government may, by order notified in the Official Gazette, make such provisions as it considers necessary for the removal of the difficulty.

THE SCHEDULE

[See section 2(c)]

(1) The Shillong (Rifle Range) Cantonment, that is to say, the area as defined below—

Note 1.—This area lies about half a mile to the west of Laban village, and about the same distance south of the Umjasai river as it runs from west to east from Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 37.

It is nowhere contiguous with the boundaries of the Shillong Cantonment.

Note 2.—No. I Boundary Pillar is situated at a bearing of 313° and at a distance of 420 feet from the centre of the 400° firing point on the main range through which the Ummawlong stream flows; and at a bearing of 243° and at a distance of 565 feet from centre of the 600° firing point on the same range.

Magnetic variation, when this boundary was surveyed in 1926, was 0°15' west.

Boundaries of the detached area

Pillars		Bearing from Magnetic North		Direct horizontal distance in feet
		Degrees	Minutes	
Pillar No. 1 to Pillar No. 2.	The boundary runs from pillar No. 1 in a north-westerly direction crossing the head of a Nala, to pillar No. 2, which is situated on a spur across this Nala.	308	18	335
Pillar No. 2 to Pillar No. 3.	Thence it veers slightly more northwards and descends a thickly wooded slope until it reaches a stream at pillar No. 3.	317	12	391

Pillars		Bearing from Magnetic North		Direct horizontal distance in feet
		Degrees	Minutes	
Pillar No. 3 to Pillar No. 4.	The boundary is formed by the stream between these two pillars and runs in a south-westerly direction. Pillar No. 4 is in midstream.	219	42	830
Pillar No. 4 to Pillar No. 5.	Thence it turns sharp south-east to pillar No. 5 situated at the foot of a steep hill.	144	48	61
Pillar No. 5 to Pillar No. 6.	Thence the boundary again turns sharp south-west with a slight diagonal ascent.	238	12	113
Pillar No. 6 to Pillar No. 7.	From Pillar No. 6 the slight diagonal ascent is continued but almost due south.	187	24	164
Pillar No. 7 to Pillar No. 8.	The boundary thence continues in the same line for a distance of 40 feet whence it curves south-west to pillar No. 8 situated in the centre of a Nala 50 feet to the south-east of the south corner of a disused range butt.	212	6	208
Pillar No. 8 to Pillar No. 9.	Thence to the south corner of this butt and along the pillar No. 9 in the centre of the south-west side of the butt.	324	48	138
Pillar No. 9 to Pillar No. 10.	The boundary thence turns a right angle to run south-west straight up a steep slope for a distance of 150 feet, thence turning south to follow a spur for 180 feet upto pillar No. 10.	205	48	300
Pillar No. 10 to Pillar No. 11.	Thence under the brow of this spur in a curve, for 95 feet to the south-east and 60 feet almost south.	141	54	150
Pillar No. 11 to Pillar No. 12.	Thence south-west to pillar No. 12 situated on the crest of the spur.	238	54	120
Pillar No. 12 to Pillar No. 13.	The boundary between these two pillars follows up the same spur in a south-easterly direction.	225	30	391
Pillar No. 13 to Pillar No. 14.	Thence the boundary turns south-east and runs down to a Nala.	159	30	231
Pillar No. 14 to Pillar No. 15.	Thence in the same line to a spur across the Nala.	154	18	268
Pillar No. 15 to Pillar No. 16.	Thence in the same line across this spur to the south slope of it.	152	30	320
Pillar No. 16 to Pillar No. 17.	The boundary turns east from pillar No. 16 along the south slope of the spur,	77	12	235
Pillar No. 17 to Pillar No. 18.	In the same line down the south-east slope of this spur.	82	36	210

Pillars		Bearing from Magnetic North		Direct horizontal distance in feet
		Degrees	Minutes	
Pillar No. 18 to Pillar No. 19.	The boundary here veers ¹ north-east, descends a steep slope to cross a Nala down which the Wah Jalynnoh branch of the Ummawlong stream flows and ascends a steep slope to the north-east of this stream to pillar No. 19 which is situated in a clearing in a thick wood.	75	54	850
Pillar No. 19 to Pillar No. 20.	Thence almost in the same line but slightly more northerly along this clearing to pillar No. 20 on the edge of a track running south-west from the southern extremity of Kench's Trace.	70	42	464
Pillar No. 20 to Pillar No. 21.	Thence north-east to pillar No. 21 which is situated to the east of the southern extremity of Kench's Trace.	42	48	363
Pillar No. 21 to Pillar No. 22.	The boundary runs in a north-westerly direction along Kench's Trace to pillar No. 21A; thence in a direct line to pillar No. 21B situated on Kench's Trace; thence along Kench's Trace, through pillar No. 21C to pillar No. 21D; thence in a direct line to pillar No. 22 which is situated on the west bank of the Ummawlong stream just north of the 20 yards firing point of the rifle range.	326	30	680
Pillar No. 22 to Pillar No. 23.	The west bank of the Ummawlong stream forms the boundary between these two pillars.	5	30	1,440
Pillar No. 23 to Pillar No. 24.	The boundary hence turns abruptly and runs south-west on to the lower crest of a spur.	203	42	200
Pillar No. 24 to Pillar No. 25.	Thence in the same line up and across a Nala running to the south-east of this spur.	203	42	200
Pillar No. 25 to Pillar No. 26.	Thence in the same line up the side of a spur to the south-east of this Nala, to pillar No. 1.	203	12	240

(2) The Shillong (Umlong) Cantonment, that is to say, the area as defined below :—

Area 1,962 acres.

Braemar East Boundary Pillar No. 1 or Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 29 is situated on the left bank of the Wah Sohkhur at a point 300 feet, north-west of Cantonment boundary Pillar No. 30 on a True Bearing of 308° 11' from Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 30.

(Magnetic Variation 55' west in 1931.)

Description	Forward bearings from true North		Horizontal distance in feet
	Degrees	Minutes	
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 1 which is also Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 29 the boundary runs across a stream in a north-westerly direction in a straight line along the boundary of private land to Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 2.	294	30	165
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 2 the boundary runs in a westerly direction along the boundary of private land to the bed of the dry nallah at a point 10 feet north of Braemar Pillar No. 3.	258	05	800
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 3 the boundary runs in a westerly direction along the bed of dry nallah to Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 4 which is situated near the head of this dry nallah.	252	28	800
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 4 the boundary runs in a southerly direction for a distance of about 70 feet to a private cart road, thence along the east side of this road to Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 5 which is situated on the left bank of a stream, where the road crosses the stream.	184	50	580
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 5 the boundary runs in a south-westerly direction across the stream and the cart road up the hill in a straight line to Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 6 alongside the Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 34.	216	50	240
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 6 the boundary runs in an easterly direction along the Cantonment Boundary to Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 7 which is situated where the road crosses the Wah Sohkhur on its right bank approximately 46 feet west of Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 33 situated on the hillside.	97	05	705
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 7 the Boundary runs in a north-easterly direction along the Cantonment Boundary which is the right bank of the Wah Sohkhur (Wah Lindoh) stream to Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 8 which is situated on the right bank where the river bends left handed below Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 30.	36	30	1,150
From Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 8 in a north-westerly direction along the Cantonment Boundary which is the right bank of the Wah Sohkhur (Wah Lindoh) stream and crossing it opposite Braemar Boundary Pillar No. 1.	292	30	195

THE HIMACHAL PRADESH AND BILASPUR (NEW STATE) ACT, 1954

No. 32 OF 1954

[28th May, 1954]

An Act to provide for the formation of the new State of Himachal Pradesh by uniting the existing States of Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur, and for matters connected therewith.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

PART I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint in this behalf.

2. Definitions.—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

(a) “article” means an article of the Constitution;

(b) “Assembly constituency” has the same meaning as in the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (XLIX of 1951);

(c) “existing States” mean the States specified as Bilaspur and Himachal Pradesh in Part C of the First Schedule to the Constitution immediately before the commencement of this Act, and “existing State” means either of the existing States;

(d) “law” includes any enactment, ordinance, regulation, order, rule, scheme, notification, bye-law or other instrument having the force of law in the whole or in any part of either of the existing States;

(e) “Order” means an order published in the Official Gazette;

(f) “Parliamentary constituency” has the same meaning as in the Representation of the People Act, 1950 (XLIII of 1950);

(g) “sitting member” in relation to either House of Parliament or in relation to the Legislature of the existing State of Himachal Pradesh, means a person who immediately before the commencement of this Act is a member of that House or that Legislature, as the case may be.

PART II

FORMATION OF THE NEW STATE OF HIMACHAL PRADESH

3. Formation of the new State of Himachal Pradesh.—As from the commencement of this Act there shall be formed by uniting the existing States a new Part C State to be known as the State of Himachal Pradesh (hereafter in this Act referred to as the “new State”).

4. Amendment of the First Schedule to the Constitution.—In the First Schedule to the Constitution, in Part C—

(a) under the heading “Names of States”—

(i) entry “3. Bilaspur” shall be omitted; and

(ii) entries 4 to 10 shall be renumbered as entries 3 to 9 respectively;

(b) under the heading “Territories of States”, after the first paragraph the following paragraph shall be inserted, namely:—

“The territory of the State of Himachal Pradesh shall comprise the territories which immediately before the commencement of the Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954 were comprised in the States of Bilaspur and Himachal Pradesh.”

PART III

REPRESENTATION IN THE LEGISLATURES

Council of States

5. Representation in the Council of States.—(1) There shall be allotted one seat to the new State in the Council of States.

(2) The sitting member of the Council of States representing the group of States comprising the existing States shall on and from the commencement of this Act represent the new State in the Council but the term of such sitting member shall remain unaltered, that is to say, shall expire on the 2nd of April, 1958.

6. Amendment of the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution.—In the Fourth Schedule to the Constitution, in the Table of Seats relating to the representatives of States specified in Part C of the First Schedule—

(i) for entries 4 and 5, the entry “4. Himachal Pradesh . . . 1” shall be substituted; and

(ii) entries 6 to 10 shall be renumbered as entries 5 to 9 respectively.

7. Amendment of section 27A, Act XLIII of 1950.—In section 27A of the Representation of the People Act, 1950,—

(i) in sub-section (5), for the word “Delhi” the words “Delhi, Himachal Pradesh” shall be substituted; and

(ii) sub-section (6) shall be omitted.

House of the People

8. Representation in the House of the People.—Until other provision is made by law, there shall be allotted 4 seats to the new State in the House of the People.

9. Amendment of the First Schedule, Act XLIII of 1950.—In the First Schedule to the Representation of the People Act, 1950, in the part relating to Part C States,—

- (i) entry 3 shall be omitted;
- (ii) entries 4 to 12 shall be renumbered as entries 3 to 11 respectively; and
- (iii) for the figure “3” in column 2 against Himachal Pradesh, the figure “4” shall be substituted.

10. Parliamentary constituencies of the new State and their delimitation.—(1) The new State shall, until other provision is made by law, consist of the following three Parliamentary constituencies, namely:—

- (i) the constituency of Bilaspur comprising the existing State of Bilaspur; and
- (ii) the two constituencies into which the existing State of Himachal Pradesh has been divided.

(2) The Delimitation of Parliamentary Constituencies (Part C States) Order, 1951, shall, until other provision is made by law, have effect subject to the amendments made in the First Schedule.

11. Sitting members.—(1) The sitting member of the House of the People representing the existing State of Bilaspur shall on and from the commencement of this Act represent the Bilaspur constituency of the new State and shall be deemed to have been elected to the House of the People by that constituency.

(2) Every sitting member of the House of the People representing a constituency of the existing State of Himachal Pradesh shall, on and from the commencement of this Act, represent the constituency of the same name in the new State and shall be deemed to have been elected to the House of the People by that constituency.

Legislative Assembly of the New State

12. Legislative Assembly of the new State.—(1) There shall be a Legislative Assembly for the new State.

(2) The total number of seats in that Legislative Assembly which shall be filled by direct election shall be 41.

13. Amendment of the Third Schedule, Act XLIX of 1951.—In the Third Schedule to the Government of Part C States Act, 1951, against the entry “Himachal Pradesh”, in column 2 for the figures “36” the figures “41”, and in column 3 for the figure “8” the figure “9”, shall be substituted.

14. Assembly constituencies of the new State and their delimitation.—(1) The new State shall, until other provision is made by law, consist of the following Assembly constituencies, namely:—

(i) the constituencies shown at the commencement of this Act in the Delimitation of Assembly Constituencies (Himachal Pradesh) Order, 1951; and

(ii) the constituencies into which the part of the new State comprising the existing State of Bilaspur shall be divided.

(2) The President shall, as soon as may be after the commencement of this Act, after consulting the Election Commission of India, amend the Delimitation of Assembly Constituencies (Himachal Pradesh) Order, 1951 so as to include therein the constituencies into which the part of the new State comprising the existing State of Bilaspur, shall be divided and the said Order as so amended, shall, until superseded, be the Order relating to the delimitation of constituencies of the new State.

15. Members of the Legislative Assembly.—(1) Every sitting member of the Legislative Assembly of the existing State of Himachal Pradesh representing a constituency of the said State shall, on and from the commencement of this Act, represent the constituency of the same name in the new State and shall be deemed to have been elected to the Legislative Assembly of the new State by that constituency.

(2) As soon as may be after the commencement of this Act, there shall be held elections to fill those seats of the Legislative Assembly which have been allotted to the constituencies into which the part of the new State comprising the existing State of Bilaspur shall be divided.

16. Duration of the Legislative Assembly.—The period of five years referred to in section 5 of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (XLIX of 1951) shall, in the case of the Legislative Assembly of the new State, be deemed to have commenced on the date on which the said period in the case of the Legislative Assembly of the existing State of Himachal Pradesh actually commenced.

MISCELLANEOUS

17. Amendment of section 13, Act XLIII of 1950.—In section 13 of the Representation of the People Act, 1950, in clause (b) of sub-section (1), the word "Bilaspur" shall be omitted.

18. Amendment of section 2, Act XLIX of 1951.—In section 2 of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951, in clause (g) of sub-section (1), the words "other than Bilaspur" shall be omitted.

19. Amendment of the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) (Part C States) Order, 1951.—The Constitution (Scheduled Castes) (Part C States) Order, 1951 shall be amended as shown in the Second Schedule.

20. Amendment of section 9, Act LXXXI of 1952.—In section 9 of the Delimitation Commission Act, 1952, in sub-section (3), for the words "and the orders made under any of the said Acts" the words, brackets and figures "the Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954 and the orders made under any of the said Acts" shall be substituted.

21. Construction of Act XLIII of 1950 and Act XLIX of 1951.—Any reference to Himachal Pradesh in the Representation of the People Act, 1950, and the Government of Part C States Act, 1951, as amended by this Act shall be construed as a reference to the new State.

22. Electoral rolls of constituencies.—(1) The electoral rolls of the constituencies of the existing States shall, on and from the commencement of this Act, be deemed to be the electoral rolls of the constituencies of the same name in the new State and shall continue in force until such rolls are revised, or fresh rolls are prepared, in accordance with law.

(2) The electoral rolls of the Assembly constituencies into which the part of the new State comprising the existing State of Bilaspur shall be divided shall be prepared and published in accordance with law, and come into force immediately upon their final publication.

23. Power of Delimitation Commission to revise its orders.—For the purpose of determination of the number of seats to be allotted to the new State in the House of the People in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), and distribution of those seats as well as the seats allotted to the Legislative Assembly of the new State to territorial constituencies and delimitation thereof in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Delimitation Commission Act, 1952 (LXXXI of 1952), it shall be lawful for the Delimitation Commission, notwithstanding anything contained in that Act, to amend, vary or rescind any of its final orders published under section 9 of that Act in so far as any such order relates to any or both of the existing States.

24. Rules of procedure of the Legislative Assembly of the new State.—The rules as to procedure and conduct of business of the Legislative Assembly of the existing State of Himachal Pradesh in force immediately before the commencement of this Act shall, until rules are made under sub-section (1) of section 32 of the Government of Part C States Act, 1951 (XLIX of 1951) have effect in relation to Legislative Assembly of the new State subject to such modifications and adaptations as may be made therein by the Speaker thereof.

PART IV

COURTS

25. Court of the Judicial Commissioner for the new State.—As from the commencement of this Act,—

(a) the Courts of the Judicial Commissioner for the existing States (hereafter in this Part referred to as “the existing courts”) shall be amalgamated and shall constitute the Court of the Judicial Commissioner for the new State (hereafter in this Part referred to as “the new court”);

(b) the Judicial Commissioner and the Additional Judicial Commissioner, if any, for the existing State of Himachal Pradesh shall be respectively the Judicial Commissioner and the Additional Judicial Commissioner for the new State;

(c) every person who immediately before the commencement of this Act, is an officer or servant of either of the existing courts shall be an officer or servant, as the case may be, of the new court deemed to have been appointed on the same terms and conditions of service (or on terms and conditions as similar thereto as the changes effected by this Act permit) as were applicable to him immediately before such commencement;

Provided that nothing in this clause shall be deemed to prevent the new court from altering the designation or the duties of any office or post;

(d) the new court shall have all such original, appellate and other jurisdiction as under any law is exercisable immediately before the commencement of this Act by either of the existing courts in respect of any area forming part of the new State;

(e) the new court shall have the same powers to admit, suspend and remove advocates, vakils and pleaders and to make rules with respect to advocates, vakils and pleaders in the whole of the new State as are immediately before the commencement of this Act, exercisable by either of the existing courts:

Provided that subject to any rules made by the new court in exercise of the powers conferred by this clause, any person who immediately before the commencement of this Act is an advocate, vakil or pleader entitled to practise in either of the existing courts shall be recognised as an advocate, vakil or pleader entitled to practise in the new court;

(f) subject to the provisions of this Part, the law in force immediately before the commencement of this Act with respect to the practice and procedure in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner for the existing State of Himachal Pradesh shall, until varied or altered by a competent authority, apply in relation to the new court with such modifications as may be made by that court;

(g) the Judicial Commissioners' Courts (Declaration as High Courts) Act, 1950 (XV of 1950) shall apply to the new court as if the new court were in existence at the commencement of that Act; and any other law in force immediately before the commencement of this Act relating to appeals to the Supreme Court from the Court of the Judicial Commissioner for the existing State of Himachal Pradesh shall, with necessary modifications, apply in relation to the new court;

(h) all proceedings which immediately before the commencement of this Act, are pending in either of the existing courts shall by virtue of this Act stand transferred to the new court and shall be continued as if they had been proceedings instituted in that court;

(i) any order made by either of the existing courts in any such proceedings as aforesaid shall for all purposes have effect, not only as an order of that court, but also as an order made by the new court;

(j) references in any law to either of the existing courts by whatever name, shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as references to the new court.

26. Subordinate courts.—All courts which immediately before the commencement of this Act were exercising lawful powers, authority and jurisdiction under the superintendence and control of either of the existing courts in any area forming part of the new State shall, until further provision is made by a competent legislature or authority, continue to exercise their respective powers, authority and jurisdiction in that area under the superintendence and control of the new court.

PART V

ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

27. Existing authorities and officers to continue to function in the new State.—Save as otherwise provided in this Act, all authorities and all officers, judicial, executive and ministerial, who immediately before the commencement of this Act were exercising lawful functions in any area forming part of the new State, shall, until further provision is made by a competent authority, continue to exercise their respective functions as far as may be, in the same manner and to the same extent as they were doing before such commencement.

28. Existing laws to continue.—Save as otherwise provided in this Act, all the law in force immediately before the commencement of this Act in any area forming part of the new State shall continue to be in force until repealed or amended by a competent legislature or authority.

29. Power to construe laws.—For the purpose of facilitating the application in relation to the new State of any law made before the commencement of this Act, any court, tribunal or authority may, subject to any express provision of this Act, construe the law with such alterations not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the court, tribunal or authority, as the case may be.

30. Existing taxes to continue.—All taxes, duties, cesses and fees which immediately before the commencement of this Act were being lawfully levied in either of the existing States or any part thereof, shall continue to be levied in the same manner and to the same extent and to be applied for the same purposes until other provision is made by a competent legislature or authority.

31. Saving of the powers of the Central Government in relation to the Bhakra-Nangal Project.—Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to derogate from the powers of the Central Government to make such arrangements or to take such action in relation to the Bhakra-Nangal

Project as may, having due regard to the purposes of the Project, be necessary to ensure its proper administration and effective implementation.

32. Power to remove difficulties.—If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the President may make such orders not inconsistent with the said provisions, as appears to him to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty:

Provided that no such power shall be exercised by the President after the expiry of one year from the commencement of this Act.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

(See section 10)

MODIFICATIONS IN THE DELIMITATION OF PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCIES (PART C STATES) ORDER, 1951

1. In paragraph 2, omit the words "Bilaspur and".
2. In Table IV, after the entry relating to Chamba-Sirmur constituency, insert the following entry, namely:—

"Bilaspur	Bilaspur	1"
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THE SECOND SCHEDULE

(See section 19)

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION (SCHEDULED CASTES) (PART C STATES) ORDER, 1951

1. In paragraph 2, for "Parts I to X" substitute "Parts I to IX".
2. For paragraph 4, substitute the following, namely:—

"4. Any reference in the Schedule to this Order,—

(a) to the State of Himachal Pradesh or to a District or other territorial division thereof shall be construed as a reference to the State of Himachal Pradesh as formed by the Himachal Pradesh and Bilaspur (New State) Act, 1954, or to a District or other territorial division of that State as so formed; and

(b) to any other State or to a District or other territorial division thereof shall be construed as a reference to that State or to that District or other territorial division as constituted on the 26th day of January, 1950."

3. In the schedule,—

(a) omit Part III relating to Bilaspur;

(b) renumber "Parts IV to X" as "Parts III to IX" respectively;

(c) in Part V as so renumbered relating to Himachal Pradesh, insert the following, namely:—

- “31. Julahe
 - 32. Dumne (Bhanjre)
 - 33. Chuhre
 - 34. Hese (Turi)
 - 35. Chhimbe (Dhobi)
 - 36. Sarehde
 - 37. Daule”.
-

K. Y. BHANDARKAR,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.